

**VIDYA VIKAS MANDAL'S  
RAMACRISNA MADEVA SALGAOCAR HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL  
MARGAO-GOA**

**First Term Examination October 2023**

**STD: XI**

**Duration: 3 hours**

**Date: 16/10/2023**

**Sub: Economics**

**Marks: 80**

**INSTRUCTIONS:-**

- I. All questions in both sections are compulsory.
- II. Marks for each question are indicated against each to the right.
- III. Question Nos. 1-8 and 19-26 are objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.
- IV. Question Nos. 9-12 and 27-30 are very short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each. (Answer should be around 40 words.)
- V. Question Nos. 13-15 and 31-33 are also short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each. (Answer should be around 60 words.)
- VI. Question Nos. 16-18 and 34-36 are long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each. (Answer should be around 100 words.)
- VII. Internal choice to be exercised in question 15, 18, 33, and 36.
- VIII. Word limit is not applicable to answers on differentiation, diagrams and those of numerical nature.
- IX. Use of Non scientific calculators may be allowed.
- X. All diagrams should be drawn in black lead pencil only.

**SECTION -A**

**(Indian economy)**

Q1. Which is the most important infrastructure developed during the British rule?

- a. Airways
- b. waterways
- c. railways
- d. roadways

Q2. When did the second stage of demographic transition begin?

- a. 1935
- b. 1921
- c. 1940
- d. 1975

Q3. Indian industries are encouraged to produce capital goods in India, rather than importing it from foreign countries. What is this type of policy called?

- a. export promotion
- b. tariffs
- c. quotas
- d. import substitution

- Q4. The maximum size of land which could be owned by an individual farmer is known as
- Subsistence farming
  - Land ceiling
  - Abolition of intermediaries
  - Technical reforms
- Q5. Tax imposed on imported goods is referred to as
- Tariffs
  - GST
  - Quotas
  - Excise duties
- Q6. GAIL a Public sector unit sells a part of equity to private sector. This is referred to as
- liberalisation
  - disinvestment
  - globalisation
  - outsourcing
- Q7. The official data on poverty is made available to the public by
- Planning commission
  - Finance commission
  - State commission
  - National commission
- Q8. Under which scheme a person from rural area can get financial assistance to set up an enterprise.
- MGNREGA
  - SJSRY
  - REGP
  - SGRY
- Q9. Explain the following terms:
- Infant mortality rate
  - Literacy rate
- Q10. Define Poverty Line.
- Q11. What is relative poverty?
- Q12. What is outsourcing?
- Q13. Explain any three advantages of green revolution.
- Q14. Explain any three fiscal/ tax measures under the New Economic Policy.
- Q15. Explain the functions performed by world Trade Organization.

OR

Write a note on Globalization.

- Q16. Define Poverty. Explain the important causes of poverty.

Q17. Explain general measures to eliminate poverty from India.

Q18. Explain the industrial sector reforms of NEP of 1991.

**OR**

Explain the financial sector reforms of NEP of 1991.

**SECTION –B**

**(Statistics)**

Q19. The performance report published and made available to the public, by railways department is an example of

- a. primary data
- b. raw data
- c. secondary data
- d. tertiary data

Q20. A survey which includes every element of population.

- a. Sample method
- b. Random sampling method
- c. Lottery method
- d. Census method

Q21. When data is classified on the basis of an area it is known as .

- a. Quantitative classification
- b. Geographical classification
- c. Chronological classification
- d. Qualitative classification .

Q22. Tabulation is arranging data in

- a. rows and graphs
- b. rows and diagrams
- c. rows and columns
- d. graphs.

Q23. The presentation of individual series is done either in ascending or descending order. This order is known as

- a. array
- b. variable
- c. attributes
- d. population

Q24. The value lying in the exact middle of a class interval is known as

- a. Midpoint
- b. Fields
- c. Variable
- d. class interval

Q25. Find the arithmetic mean of daily wages of 5 workers in a factory. Daily wages are 140, 150, 170, 200, 240

- a. 154
- b. 180
- c. 172
- d. 200

Q26. The value which occurs most frequently in a distribution

- a. Median
- b. Mean
- c. Average
- d. Mode

Q27. Define statistics

Q28. State any two uses of statistics.

Q29. Write any two points of difference between Primary data and secondary data.

Q30. State any 2 qualities of a good questionnaire.

Q31. Construct Histogram for the following:

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
Number of students	10	15	30	40	25

Q32. Present the following information in a Simple Bar diagram.

Years	1990	1992	1994	1996	1998
Exports (Rs. Lakhs)	4	1	3	7	4

Q33. Find out Mean for the following distribution:

Class interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
frequency	12	18	27	20	17	6

OR

Calculate Median from the following data.

wages	500	600	700	800	900
Number of workers	4	1	3	7	4

Q34. Draw a pie diagram to represent the following information of expenditure by a family.

Items of expenditure	Food	education	Housing	Clothing	Miscellaneous
% of expenditure	50	20	15	10	5

Q35. Draw 'Less than ogive' and 'more than ogive' for the following data.

Income	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
Number of persons	5	15	25	3	2

Q36. Compute Median from the following data.

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
Number .of Student	3	4	2	7	10

OR

Calculate Mode from the following set of data.

Marks	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
Number .of Student	5	12	20	10	6

\*\*\*\*\*ALL THE BEST\*\*\*\*\*